Labs - Linux's advanced notions

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Math's commands

The flows

ReGex / Sed



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- Perform the previous calculation with 4 numbers after the decimal point and redirect the output to a file named "calculation2.txt"
- Compare the result
- Perform a sequence of numbers from 1 to 100 with a step of 6 and redirect the output to a file named "sequence1.txt"
- Perform the previous sequence and adapt the output format to separate numbers with ';' and redirect the output on the "sequence1.txt" file (without deleting the previous sequence in the file)



The flows



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- Redirect the stdout of the following command `echo -e "un\ndeux\ntrois\nquatre"` in a file named Count.txt



ISEN

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- Redirect the stdout of the following command `echo -e "un\ndeux\ntrois\nquatre"` in a file named Count.txt
- Redirect the stdout of the following command `echo -e "cinq\nsix"` at the end of Count.txt file (don't erase the content of the file !)



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- Display the content of Count.txt in stdout



ISEN

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- Combine the two SHELL COMMAND cat and wc (redirect stdout of cat command in stdin of wc command) to count the number of lines in Count.txt



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- With the precedent command redirect the stdout flow in LocateCountFile.txt file



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- List files in a non existing directory and redirect stderr flow in /dev/null to get a clear result



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- List files in a non existing directory and redirect stdout and stderr flows in KoList.txt



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- With the SHELL command find, locate Count.txt
- With the precedent command redirect the stdout flow in LocateCountFile.txt file
- List files in a non existing directory and redirect stderr flow in /dev/null to get a clear result
- List files in a non existing directory and redirect stdout and stderr flows in KoList.txt
- Use the SHELL cat command to populate a file named Myletter.txt with input (stdin) from the user and ending by the string "FIN" Example :



ISEN

ReGex / Sed



Text file

- Put this content in the /home/isen/regex.txt file.
  Toto loves titi

  or so

  TOTO LOVE TITI

  and again

  TOTO or Mr TOTO loves TITI Ms TITI

  /NAME/ likes bash

  I do not know what to say To_Delete

  and you what do you mean?

  /NAME/ toto /NAME/ titi /NAME/

  toto titi toto titi toto titi to-ti



Grep

- Show lines contains the string “toto” with non case sensitivity



Grep

- Show lines contains the string “toto” with non case sensitivity
- Show lines that start with ‘/’



Grep

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- Show lines that start with ‘/’
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Grep

- Show lines contains the string “toto” with non case sensitivity
- Show lines that start with ‘/’
- Show lines that end with ‘?’
- Show lines that contain capital letters



Grep

- Show lines contains the string “toto” with non case sensitivity
- Show lines that start with ‘/’
- Show lines that end with ‘?’
- Show lines that contain capital letters
- Show lines that contain an ‘A’ OR a ‘b’



Grep

- Show lines contains the string “toto” with non case sensitivity
- Show lines that start with ‘/’
- Show lines that end with ‘?’
- Show lines that contain capital letters
- Show lines that contain an ‘A’ OR a ‘b’
- Show lines that contain an ‘A’ AND a ‘b’



Grep

- Show lines contains the string “toto” with non case sensitivity
- Show lines that start with ‘/’
- Show lines that end with ‘?’
- Show lines that contain capital letters
- Show lines that contain an ‘A’ OR a ‘b’
- Show lines that contain an ‘A’ AND a ‘b’
- Show lines that have 2 ‘t’



Sed

- Replace the first occurrence in each line of the word TOTO by TITI



Sed

- Replace the first occurrence in each line of the word TOTO by TITI
- Replace all '/NAME/' with your first name



Sed

- Replace the first occurrence in each line of the word TOTO by TITI
- Replace all '/NAME/' with your first name
- Delete all lines that contain '*To_Delete*'



Sed

- Replace the first occurrence in each line of the word TOTO by TITI
- Replace all '/NAME/' with your first name
- Delete all lines that contain '*To_Delete*'
- Add a line containing '*ERROR*' before each line which does not have a capital letter at the beginning



Sed

- Replace the first occurrence in each line of the word TOTO by TITI
- Replace all '/NAME/' with your first name
- Delete all lines that contain '*To_Delete*'
- Add a line containing '*ERROR*' before each line which does not have a capital letter at the beginning
- Replace '?' by '!'



Sed

- Replace the first occurrence in each line of the word TOTO by TITI
- Replace all '/NAME/' with your first name
- Delete all lines that contain '*To_Delete*'
- Add a line containing '*ERROR*' before each line which does not have a capital letter at the beginning
- Replace '?' by '!'
- Replace 'titi' by 'toto' and 'toto' by 'titi'



ISEN

Text file

- Put this content in the /home/isen/advancedRegex.txt file.

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078565321454

192.168.0.1

456.567.0.1

192.168.0.1.2

d8:43:ae:2e:03:01

087:43:ae:2e:03:01



Advanced ReGex

- Write the regex to check lines that contains Prename and Name (Prename and Name are strings separating with a space, containing only letters and strating with a capital letters)



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Advanced ReGex

- Write the regex to check lines that contains Prename and Name (Prename and Name are strings separating with a space, containing only letters and strating with a capital letters)
- Write the regex to check lines that contains a phone number (Phone number is a string containing only 10 numbers and starting with “06” or “07”)
- Write the regex to check lines that contains an email address (Email address is a string containing identifier, provider and a domain respectingly separated by a “@” and “.”. Exemple : toto83@gmail.com)



Bonus

- Write the regex to check if a string is a @IP (4 digit separated with '.', each digit is between 0 and 255)



Bonus

- Write the regex to check if a string is a @IP (4 digit separated with '.', each digit is between 0 and 255)
- Write the regex to check if a string is a @MAC (6 digit separated with ':', each digit is coded in hexa)

